

SCREW GAUGE

AIM

- 1) To measure the diameter of a wire body and hence calculate its Volume
- 2) To measure the diameter of a lead shot and hence calculate its Volume

APPARATUS

The Screw Gauge, Scale, Lead shot, Wire etc.

THEORY

Dimensions Measured = PSR + (Corrected HSR x LC)

Where

PSR – Pitch Scale Reading, HSR – Head Scale Reading

Corrected HSR = Observed HSR + Zero Correction and

$$\text{Least Count} = LC = \frac{\text{Pitch}}{\text{Total number of divisions on the head scale}}$$

$$\text{Pitch} = \frac{\text{Distance Moved by the HS}}{\text{Number of Rotations}}$$

Volume of the wire $V = \pi r^2 l$

where radius of the wire $r = \frac{d}{2}$ where d is the diameter of the sphere

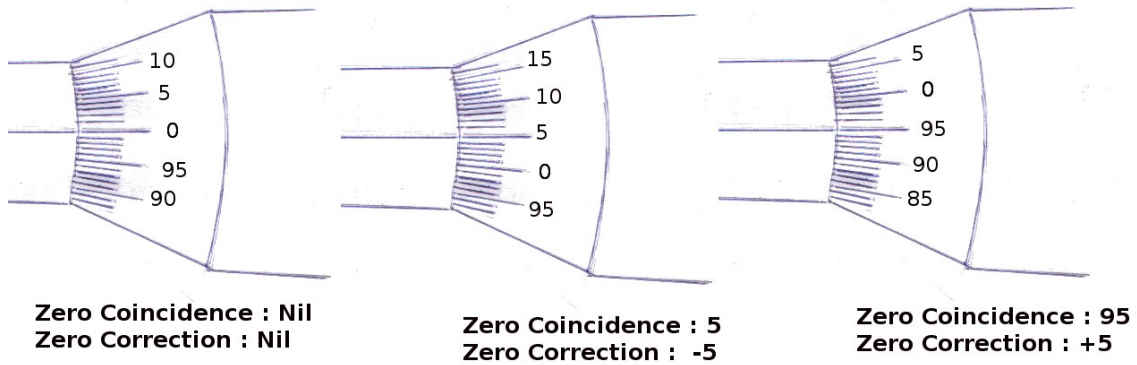
and l is the length of the wire

Volume of the Lead shot = $\frac{4}{3} \pi R^3$

Where radius of the Lead shot $R = \frac{D}{2}$ where D is the diameter of the

Lead shot

OBSERVATIONS



Value of One Pitch Scale Division = mm

Pitch of the screw $P = \frac{\text{Distance Moved}}{\text{Number of Rotations}} =$ mm

Number of Divisions on the head scale N =

Least Count LC = $\frac{\text{Pitch}}{N} =$ mm

Zero Coincidence = Divisions Zero Correction = Divisions

Dimensions Measured	Sl No	Pitch Scale Reading (PSR) mm	Observed Head Scale Reading (HSR)	Corrected Head Scale Reading (Corr. HSR)	Total Reading PSR + (Corr. HSR x LC)	Mean mm
Diameter of the Wire	1					d=
	2					
	3					
	4					
	5					
	6					
Diameter of the Lead Shot	1					D=
	2					
	3					
	4					
	5					
	6					

Length of the Wire $l =$ cm = m

CALCULATIONS:

a) To find the Volume of the wire

Radius of the Wire $r = \frac{d}{2} =$ mm = m

Volume of the Wire $V = \pi r^2 l =$ = m³

b) To find the Volume of the Lead Shot

Diameter of the Glass Plate $D =$ mm = m

Radius of the Wire $R = \frac{D}{2} =$ mm = m

$Volume = \frac{4}{3} \pi R^3 =$ m³
= m³

RESULTS:

1. Volume of the given Wire = m³
2. Volume of the given Lead Shot = m³